

Scholarly Journals, Trade Publications, and Popular Magazines

When doing research, it is useful to know what the different classifications for publications mean. Most ProQuest databases let you limit your search to scholarly journals, including peer reviewed. Some will let you limit your search to peer reviewed. Using these filters will let you perform more focused journal retrieval, making it easier to find the content you want. This document will help provide you with a clear understanding of what each of these classifications include.

A publication is considered **scholarly** if it is authored by academics for a target audience that is mainly academic, the printed format isn't usually a glossy magazine, and it is published by a recognized society with academic goals and missions. The ProQuest criteria states the publication must be academic in focus with the intent to report on or support research needs as well as advance one's knowledge on a topic or theory. The publication will be targeted for professional or academic researchers and have in-depth analysis typically focusing on one discipline or academic field. The publication will likely be peer reviewed or refereed by external reviewers. The publisher should be a professional association or an academic press.

A publication is considered to be **peer reviewed** if its articles go through an official editorial process that involves review and approval by the author's peers (people who are experts in the same subject area.) Most (but not all) scholarly publications are peer reviewed. Some trade publications are actually peer reviewed, but ProQuest does not consider them when filtering on peer reviewed. This is because getting results from trade publications instead of academic journals can be frustrating to researchers. Instead, ProQuest excludes these peer reviewed trade publications and only considers publications that are scholarly in terms of content, intent, and audience.

ProQuest uses information provided by publishers to determine whether a publication is peer reviewed. In some cases, reference sources such as Ulrich's International Periodicals Directory that gather information from publishers are consulted. If you have questions regarding the peer-reviewed status of a publication, please email customer service.

| - | Scholarly Journals | Trade Publications | Popular Magazines |
|-----------------|--|---|--|
| Appearance | Plain, formal, sober, serious | Industry setting, glossy, in color | Flashy, attractive, glossy, colorful |
| Cover | Plain | Depicts industrial setting | Eye-catching |
| Paper | Plain | Glossy | Glossy |
| Illustrations | Black and white | Color | Color |
| Advertisements | Few or none | Moderate, most trade related | Heavy |
| Article length | Longer | Moderate | Shorter |
| Content | Research projects, methodology, and theory | Industry trends, products or techniques, and organizational news | Personalities, news, opinions, and general interest articles |
| Title | Often includes terms such as: "journal", "review" or "bulletin" | Often includes industry name: "aviation", "restaurant", "engineering" | Rarely includes terms such as: "journal", "review" or "bulletin" |
| Purpose, intent | Report research, advance knowledge | Provide practical industry info | Inform, persuade or entertain |
| Scope | Narrow focus, in depth analysis of one academic field or discipline | Practical information within one industry or profession | Broad overview of topics |
| Audience | Academic or professional: professors, researchers, students | Members of a specific business, industry or organization | General public, non- professionals |
| Structure | Structured sections: abstract, results | No specific format or structure | No specific format or structure |
| Accountability | Bibliographies, endnotes, footnotes Controlled by peer-review process | May have short bibliographies Controlled by journalistic or professional ethics | No bibliographies Controlled by journalistic ethics |
| Bibliography | Yes Always cite sources | Maybe Rarely formally cite sources | No Rarely cite sources |
| Abstract | Yes | Maybe | No |

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|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| | Scholarly Journals | Trade Publications | Popular Magazines |
| Editors | Accept peers' articles | Assign or accept articles | Assign specific articles |
| Author | Authority, expert or specialist (PhD) | Staff writer or industry specialist Paid | Journalist, staff or freelance writer |
| | Compensated with prestige | | Paid |
| Credentials, affiliation | Always given | Often provided | Rarely provided |
| Review process | Peer-reviewed or refereed | Editorial review | Editorial review, NOT peer- reviewed |
| Language | Jargon of the discipline | Jargon of the industry | General audience reading leve |
| Writing style | Scholarly or technical | Technical | Informal, journalistic, conversational |
| Support of argument | Research built on prior research | Professional knowledge | Confirmed sources |
| ublishing | | | |
| Publisher | Professional assn. or academic press | Professional or trade association | Commercial press |
| Frequency of publication | Monthly, quarterly, semi- annually | Weekly, monthly | Daily, weekly, monthly |
| Issues | Tend to be successively numbered | Begin with page 1 | Begin with page 1 |
| Access, availability | University library, lab or office | Subscription; libraries have few | Newsstand or home subscription |
| Examples | American Economic ReviewJournal of Marketing Research | Aviation Week and Space Technology | Vanity Fair |
| | | | Scientific American |
| | | Publishers Weekly | National Geographic |
| | Political Quarterly | Advertising Age | Psychology Today |
| | Geographical Perspectives | Information Today | Vital Speeches of the Day |
| | Science | Aviation Week and Space Technology | The opening of the bay |